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**Custom Shelter on Mercer Island**

11/11/2019

File Name: 12258 Shelter on Mercer Island CALI.xls

CAL

**Calculation Note**

"Engineers make conservative assumptions based on education and years of experience on their expertise. The engineer and I both agree on the assumptions on the loading of the beam and that the PCB-2 was clearly resisting the worst case loading condition. Stress calculations indicate that the wood beam was structurally adequate."

Building Code	2015 Washington Building Code
Building Category	II
Occupancy Type	Assembly A-5
ASCE	ASCE 7-10

**Building Data**

Shelter Width  
 Shelter Length  
 Post Spacing  
 CTB Width  
 CTB Length  
 CTB S;an  
 CTB Weight  
 Shelter Mean Roof Height  
 Roof Slope  
 Footing depth  
 Footing Diameter  
 Soil Bearing

20	ft
40	ft
10	st
5	
16	
16	
346	
15	ft
6	/12
4.6	ft
3	ft
2000	psf

**Design Loads**

Roof Dead Load (incl 4 psf for CTB and convert to horiz proj) RDL  
 Roof Live Load RLL

18	psf
30	psf

**Wind Design Data**

Basic Wind Speed	110	mph
Wind Exposure Category	C	
Wind Importance Factor	1.0	
Tributary Area	800	sf
Kh	0.85	
Kd	0.85	
Kzt	1.00	
Internal Pressure Coefficient	0.0	psf
qh =	22.4	psf

Load Case A

Cnw (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)	1.20
Cnl (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)	-0.10

Load Case B

Cnw (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)	0.20	
Cnl (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)	-0.85	
Vertical projection of roof along long side	150	sf
Vertical projection of roof along short side	50	sf
Vyy	3.4	kips

Cnw (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)  
 Cnl (page 67 of ASCE 7-10)  
 Vertical projection of roof along long side  
 Vertical projection of roof along short side  
 Wind Base Shears

Vxx	1.1
-----	-----

**Snow Load Design Data**

Ground Snow Load	20	psf
Snow Exposure Factor	1.0	
Snow Importance Factor	1.0	
Snow Thermal Factor	1.2	
Flat Roof Snow Load	24	psf
Roof Slope Factor	1.0	
Sloped Roof Snow Load	24	psf

**Seismic Design Data**

Seismic Importance Factor	1.00	
Short Period Spectral Response Acceleration	Ss	1.408
I-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration	SI	0.488
Seismic Site Class	D	
Design Short Period Spectral Response Acceleration	Sds	0.939
Design I-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration	SdI	0.541
Seismic Design Category	D	
Basic Seismic Resisting System	Cantilevered Column System	
Basic Seismic Force Resisting System	Timber Frames	
Response Modification Factor	1.5	
Seismic Response Coefficient	0.63	
Seismic Base Shear (Strength Design)	9.0	kips
Seismic Base Shear (Allowable Stress Design)	6.3	kips

## Curved Tapered Beam Analysis

By inspection, PCB-2 will control the design of the two beam types. Also, by inspection, roof dead load + 30 psf roof live load will govern over snow, wind or seismic for the beam design.

### Input

PCB-2

Southern Pine

Span	L	16.0	ft	LDF	1.25	
Spacing	S	10.0	ft	Fb	2400	psi
Roof Slope (x/12)	P	6.0		Fv	200	psi
Dead Load	DL	18.0	psf	E	1800000	psi
Live Load	LL	30.0	psf			
Allowable Deflection	D	0.800	in (L/240)			
Width	B	5.000	in			
Vertical End Depth	De	7.688	in			
Vert Centerline Depth	Dc	30.375	in			
Centerline Str Depth	Dcs	16.000	in			
Radius	R	16.000	ft			
Lam Thickness	LT	1.375	in			

### Intermediate Calculations

Roof Slope	phiT	0.464	radians
Curvature Factor	Cc	0.897	
Effective Length for Shear	Le	14.7	ft

### Iterative Procedure to Calculate slope at bottom of Beam

1. Enter an assumed value of phiB,
2. Compare with the calculated value of phiB,
3. Enter a closer approximation of phiB
4. Repeat until phiB (assumed) = phiB (calculated)

Assumed value for phiB

26.300 degrees

Assumed

Compare these --->

phiB 0.459 radians

Calculated

Two values ----->

0.459 radians

### Curved Beam Geometry

Horizontal distance from tangent to tangent	Lc	14.18	ft
Horizontal distance from end to tangent	Lt	0.91	ft
Overall height of beam	Ha	4.64	ft
Height from bottom of beam to bottom of curve @ CL	Hs	2.11	ft
Vertical depth at tangent	Dt	7.75	in
Radius @ mid-depth at beam centerline	Rm	17.27	ft
Effective depth of beam for deflection	Deb	11.85	in

### Shear and Moment Calculations

Uniform load on beam	W	480	plf
Shear at end of beam	Rv	3840	lbs
Moment at tangent	Mt	3299	ft-lbs
Moment at beam centerline	Mc	15360	ft-lbs

### Stress Factors

Radial stress factor	Kr	0.146
Bending stress factor	Ktheta	2.426
Radial stress reduction factor	Cr	0.740

### Stress and Deflection Calculations

ENGR CHECK

#### Shear

Area at end of beam for shear stress		38	in <sup>2</sup>
Actual shear stress	$1.5 \cdot Rv \cdot (Le/L) / A$	138	psi
Allowable shear stress	$LDF \cdot Fv$	250	psi

OK

#### Bending at Tangent

Tangent depth perpendicular to lams		6.9	in
Section modulus		40	in <sup>3</sup>
Actual bending stress	$Mt \cdot 12 / S$	984	psi
Allowable bending stress	$LDF \cdot Cf \cdot Cc \cdot Fb$	2826	psi

OK

#### Bending at Centerline, Structural Depth

Structural depth at beam centerline		16.0	in
Section modulus		213	in <sup>3</sup>
Actual bending stress	$Mc \cdot 12 / S$	864	psi
Allowable bending stress	$LDF \cdot Cf \cdot Cc \cdot Fb$	2608	psi

OK

**Bending at Centerline, Full Depth**

Vertical centerline depth		30.4	in
Section modulus		769	in <sup>3</sup>
Actual bending stress	$K\theta * Mc^{12}/S$	582	psi
Allowable bending stress	$LDF * C_f * C_c * F_b$	2429	psi

OK

**Radial Stress at Centerline**

Bending stress		240	psi
Actual radial stress	$K_r * C_r * f_b$	26	psi
Allowable radial tension	$LDF * F_v / 3$	83	psi

OK

**Vertical Deflection at Centerline**

Effective moment of inertia	$B * D_{eb}^{3/12}$	694	in <sup>4</sup>
Actual deflection at centerline	$5WL^4 / (384EI)$	1	in
Allowable deflection at centerline		1	in

OK

**Horizontal Deflection at Support**

Height at mid-depth of centerline		H	3.4	ft
Horizontal deflection at each end	$(2 * H / L) * DEF_{Lcl}$		0.2	in

**PI, P2, P3**

Actual Width	<b>3.000</b>	in
Actual Depth	<b>6.875</b>	in
Area	<b>18</b>	in <sup>2</sup>
Section Modulus	<b>16</b>	in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia	<b>59</b>	in <sup>4</sup>
Spacing	<b>4.0</b>	ft
Span	<b>10.0</b>	ft
Total Load	<b>0.192</b>	klf
End Reaction	<b>1.0</b>	kips
Shear	<b>0.9</b>	kips
Moment	<b>2.4</b>	ft-kips
Deflection	<b>0.41</b>	in

Dead Load	<b>18</b>	psf
Live Load	<b>30</b>	psf
LDF	<b>1.25</b>	
Fv	<b>0.300</b>	ksi
Fb	<b>2.400</b>	ksi
E	<b>1800</b>	ksi
Eave Cut	<b>1.50</b>	in
Neutral Axis	<b>3.08</b>	in
Vol Factor	<b>1.00</b>	

W(klf)



	<u>Actual</u>
Shear Stress	<b>0.069</b>
Bending Stress	<b>1.848</b>
Total Deflection Ratio	<b>296</b>

<u>Allowable</u>
<b>0.375</b>
<b>3.000</b>
<b>240</b>

<u>Status</u>
<b>OK</b>
<b>OK</b>
<b>OK</b>



**B2**

Actual Width	5.000	in
Actual Depth	13.750	in
Area	63	in <sup>2</sup>
Section Modulus	111	in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia	830	in <sup>4</sup>
Spacing	6.0	ft
Span	16.0	ft
Total Load	0.288	klf
End Reaction	2.3	kips
Shear	2.0	kips
Moment	9.2	ft-kips
Deflection	0.28	in

Dead Load	18	psf
Live Load	30	psf
LDF	1.25	
Fv	0.300	ksi
Fb	2.400	ksi
E	1800	ksi
Eave Cut	2.50	in
Neutral Axis	6.27	in
Vol Factor	1.00	

W(klf)

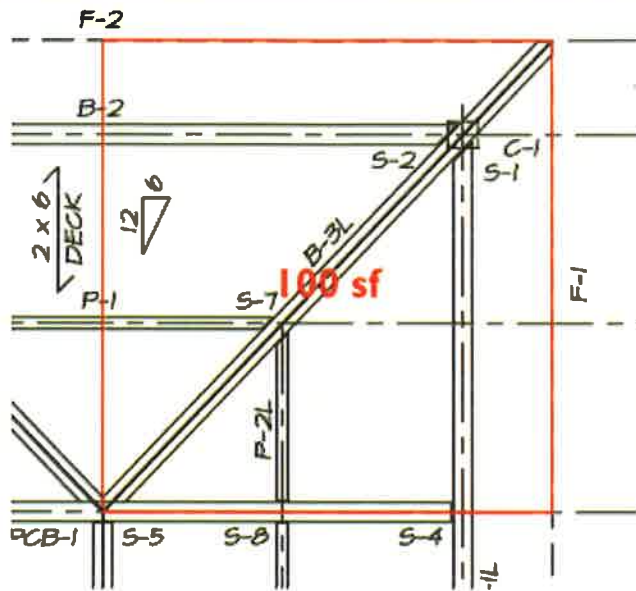


	Actual	Allowable	Status
Shear Stress	0.047	0.375	OK
Bending Stress	0.996	3.000	OK
Total Deflection Ratio	675	240	OK



**B3**

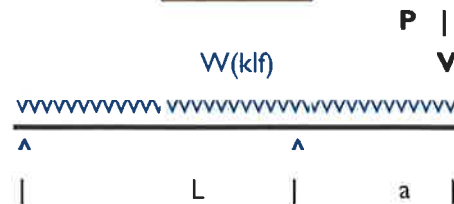
Calculations below will show that this beam is very conservatively designed so the total load on the beam will be approximated as a uniform load.



Total square feet supported by beam 100 sf  
 Beam span + cantilever 14.1 ft  
 Equivalent uniform load 7.1 ft

Actual Width	5.000	in
Actual Depth	11.000	in
Area	53.0	in <sup>2</sup>
Section Modulus	87.2	in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia	496.8	in <sup>4</sup>
Total Load	0.339	klf
Span	11.3	ft
Spacing	7.1	ft
R <sub>yl</sub>	1.8	kips
R <sub>yr</sub>	3.0	kips
M <sub>a</sub>	5.3	ft
Moment @ M <sub>a</sub>	4.8	ft-k
Moment @ R <sub>yr</sub>	1.4	ft-k
V <sub>max</sub>	2.0	kips
M <sub>max</sub>	4.8	ft-k
Defl @ L/2	0.13	in
Defl @ O'hang	-0.09	in

Pitch	4	/12
Dead Load	18.0	psf
Live Load	30.0	psf
P	0.0	kips
a	2.8	ft
Eave Cut	0.81	in
Neutral Axis	5.30	in
Vol Factor	1.00	
LDF	1.25	
F <sub>v</sub>	0.300	ksi
F <sub>b</sub>	2.400	ksi
E	1800	ksi



Design Check

Shear Stress  
Bending Stress  
Deflection

Actual
0.058
0.657
1015

Allowable
0.375
3.000
240

Status
OK
OK
OK

**B4**

Actual Width  
Actual Depth  
Area  
Section Modulus  
Moment of Inertia  
Spacing  
Span  
Total Load  
End Reaction  
Shear  
Moment  
Deflection

5.000	in
6.875	in
31	in <sup>2</sup>
28	in <sup>3</sup>
104	in <sup>4</sup>
4.0	ft
10.0	ft
0.192	klf
1.0	kips
0.9	kips
2.4	ft-kips
0.23	in

Dead Load  
Live Load  
LDF  
Fv  
Fb  
E  
Eave Cut  
Neutral Axis  
Vol Factor

18	psf
30	psf
1.25	
0.300	ksi
2.400	ksi
1800	ksi
1.25	in
3.14	in
1.00	

W(klf)



Shear Stress  
Bending Stress  
Total Deflection Ratio

Actual
0.041
1.038
519

Allowable
0.375
3.000
240

Status
OK
OK
OK

## CI, C2

Loading combination that controls is dead load + seismic load on C2. Seismic force will be in a direction to create weak axis bending. Check for dry conditions of use.

Axial Load on C2	2.4	kips
Lateral load at top of C2 (seismic base shear / 6)	1.1	kips
Column length above base	10.2	ft
Moment at base of column	10.7	ft-k

Width	6.750	in
Depth	8.250	in
Span	10.2	ft
LDF	1.60	
Fc	1.650	ksi
Fb in strong axis	1.600	ksi
Fb in weak axis	1.800	ksi
E	1700	ksi
Pmax	2.4	kips
Mmax in strong axis	0.0	ft-kips
Mmax in weak axis	10.7	ft-kips

### Compression

Compression stress	0.044	ksi	
Coefficient that depends upon coefficient of variation	KcE	0.418	
Coefficient for solid sawn, glulam or round piles	c	0.90	
Buckling length coefficient	Ke	2.1	
Length divided by width or depth, depending on which controls	le/d	38.1	
Allow Fc stress multiplied by all adjustment factors except Cp	F*c	2.640	ksi
Buckling strength of column	Fce	0.490	ksi
Column stability factor	Cp	0.182	
Compression portion of unity check		0.091	

### Strong Axis Bending

Section modulus	77	in <sup>3</sup>
Strong axis bending stress	0.000	ksi
Volume factor	1.00	
Allowable bending stress with adjustments for LDF and Cv	2.560	ksi
F <sub>CE1</sub>	0.490	
Strong axis bending portion of unity check	0.000	

**Weak Axis Bending**

Section modulus

**63** in<sup>3</sup>

Weak axis bending stress

**2.055** ksi

Allowable bending stress with adjustments for LDF

**2.880** ksi

F<sub>CE2</sub>

**0.490**

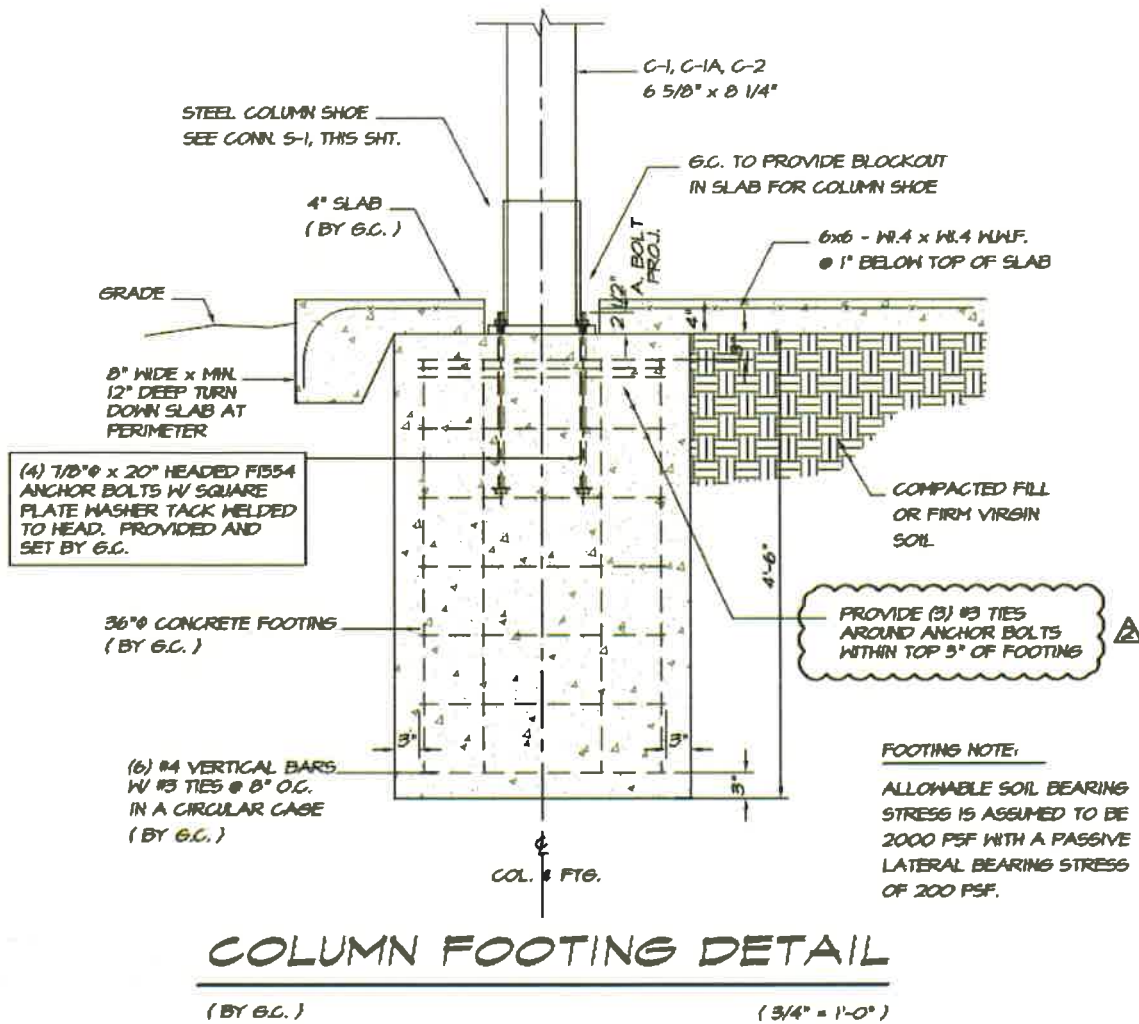
Weak axis bending portion of unity check

**0.783**

**Total**

**0.874**

## Concrete Footing



### Design with Constraint at the Ground Surface

Allowable lateral soil bearing pressure per foot from Table 6.6

Applied horizontal force on pole

Height above ground at which force P is applied

Diameter (or width) of concrete casing

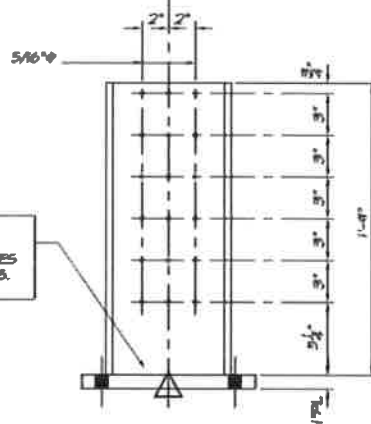
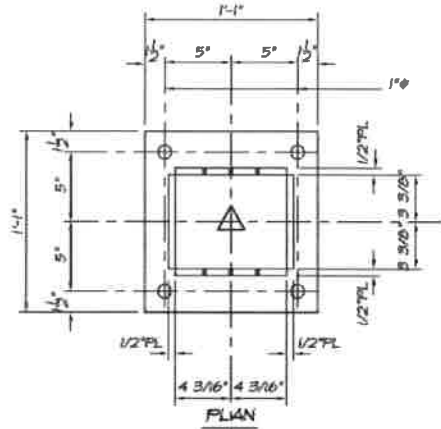
Required depth of embedment

Actual embedment depth

Status

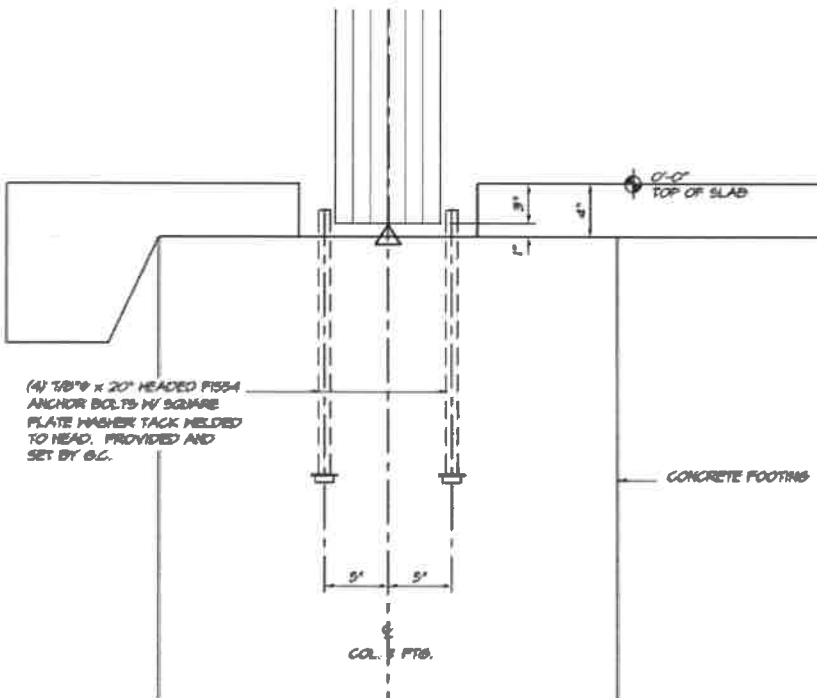
S <sub>0</sub>	400	lbs/sqft/ft
P	1052	lbs
h	11	ft
B	3.00	ft
d reqd	3.5	ft
	4.5	ft
	<b>OK</b>	

Conn SI



SHOP NOTE:  
INCLUDE KEEP HOLES  
AT ALL FOUR SIDES.

COLUMN SHOE CS-1



Maximum axial load (dead load + live load)  
 Maximum axial load (seismic)  
 Maximum moment (seismic)

6.5	kip
1.1	
10.7	ft-k

Check Anchor Bolts

Moment arm on anchor bolts  
 Tension force per anchor bolt  
 Allowable tension per 7/8" diameter anchor bolt

10	in
6.4	kip/AB
11.5	
OK	

Check Bearing Stress

Shoe height  
 Moment arm (assume 2" uniform bearing top and bottom)  
 Bearing width  
 Bearing stress  
 Basic allowable bearing stress  
 Wet use factor  
 Load duration factor  
 Adjusted allowable bearing stress  
 Status

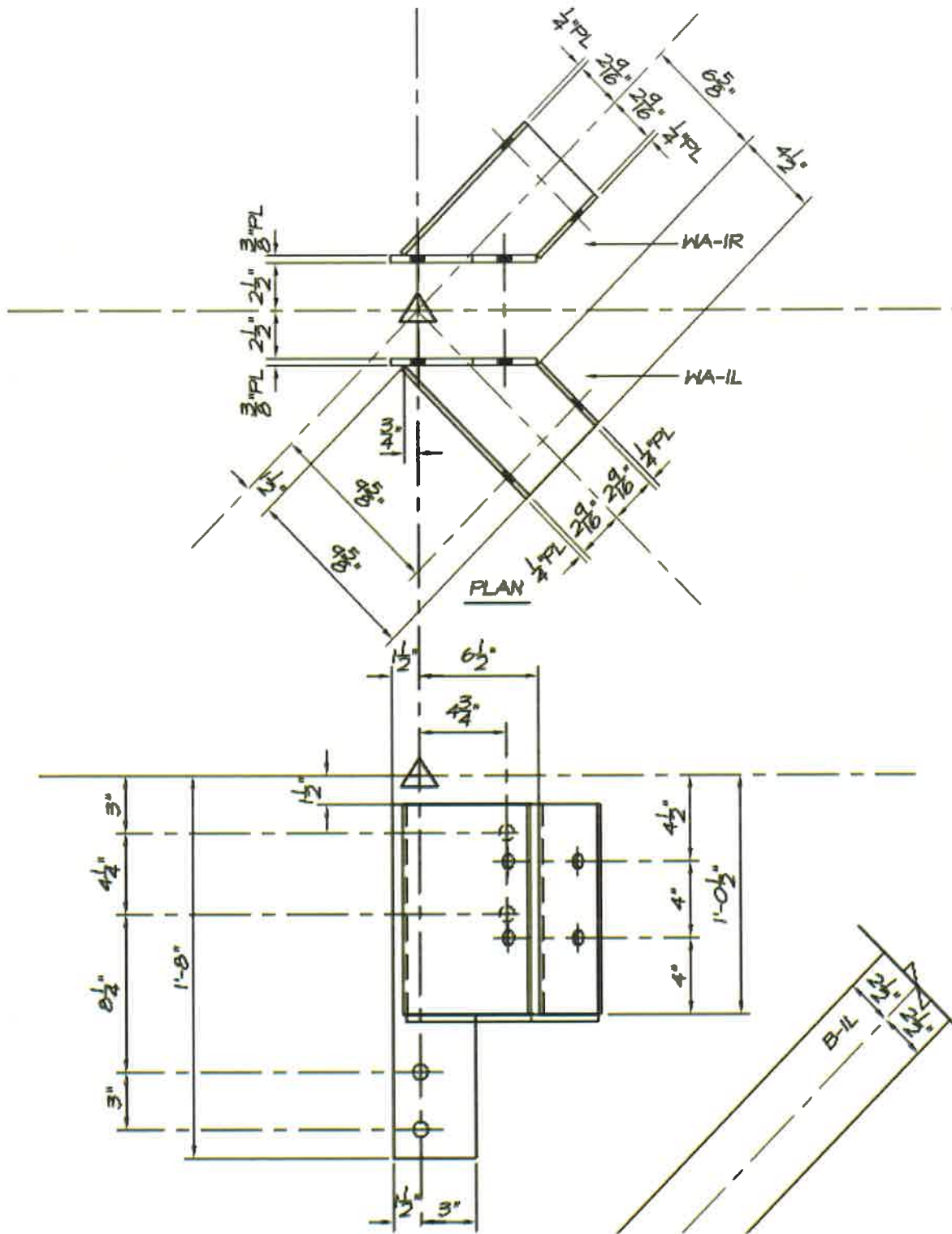
21	
17	
8.25	
0.459	ksi
0.650	ksi
0.53	
1.60	
0.551	
OK	

Check Uplift

Dead Load (Use  $0.6 * 10 \text{ psf} = 6 \text{ psf}$ )  
 Wind uplift  
 Net wind uplift  
 Tributary area to one column  
 Total wind uplift on one column  
 Basic allowable load per Simpson 2 1/2" SDS screw  
By inspection, (36) screws are OK.

6.0	psf
-22.4	psf
-16.4	psf
192	sf
-3.1	kip
0.42	kip/screw

Conn S2

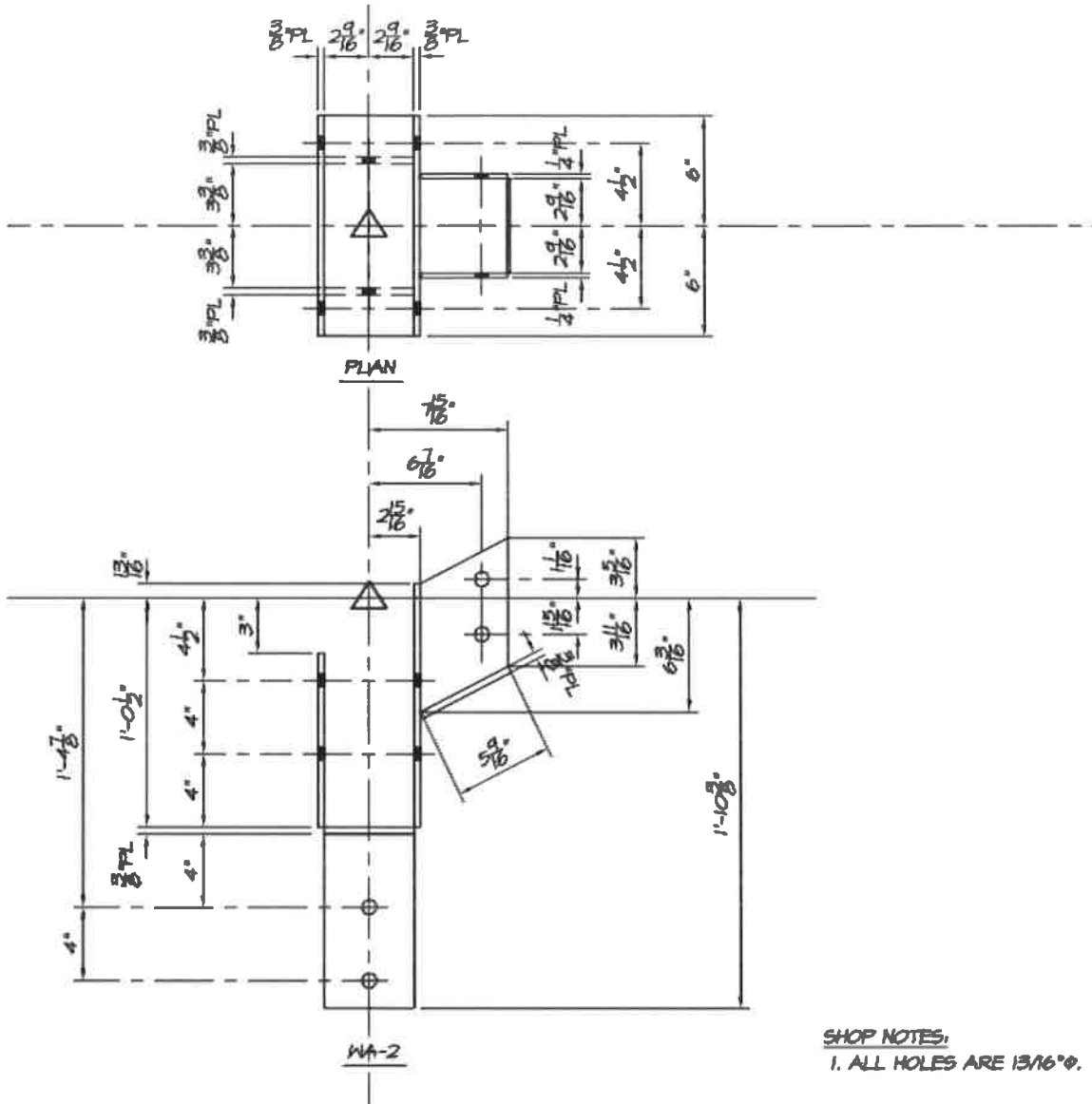


Maximum gravity load per B2  
 Maximum uplift load on column  
Connection is OK by inspection

2.3	kips
-3.1	kips



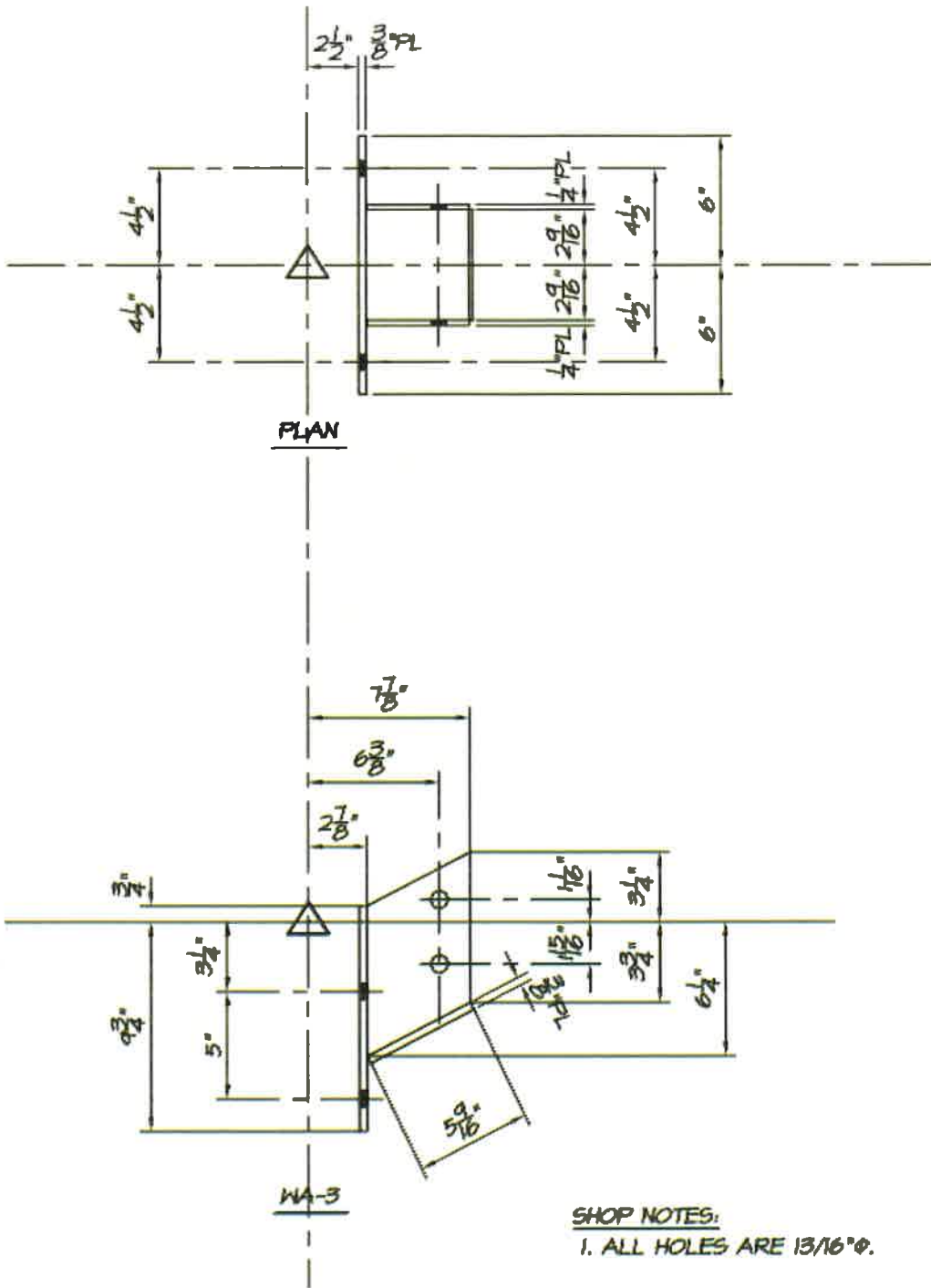
Conn S3



Maximum gravity load per B2  
 Maximum uplift load on column  
Connection is OK by inspection

9.1	kips
-3.1	kips

Conn S4



Maximum reaction from CTB

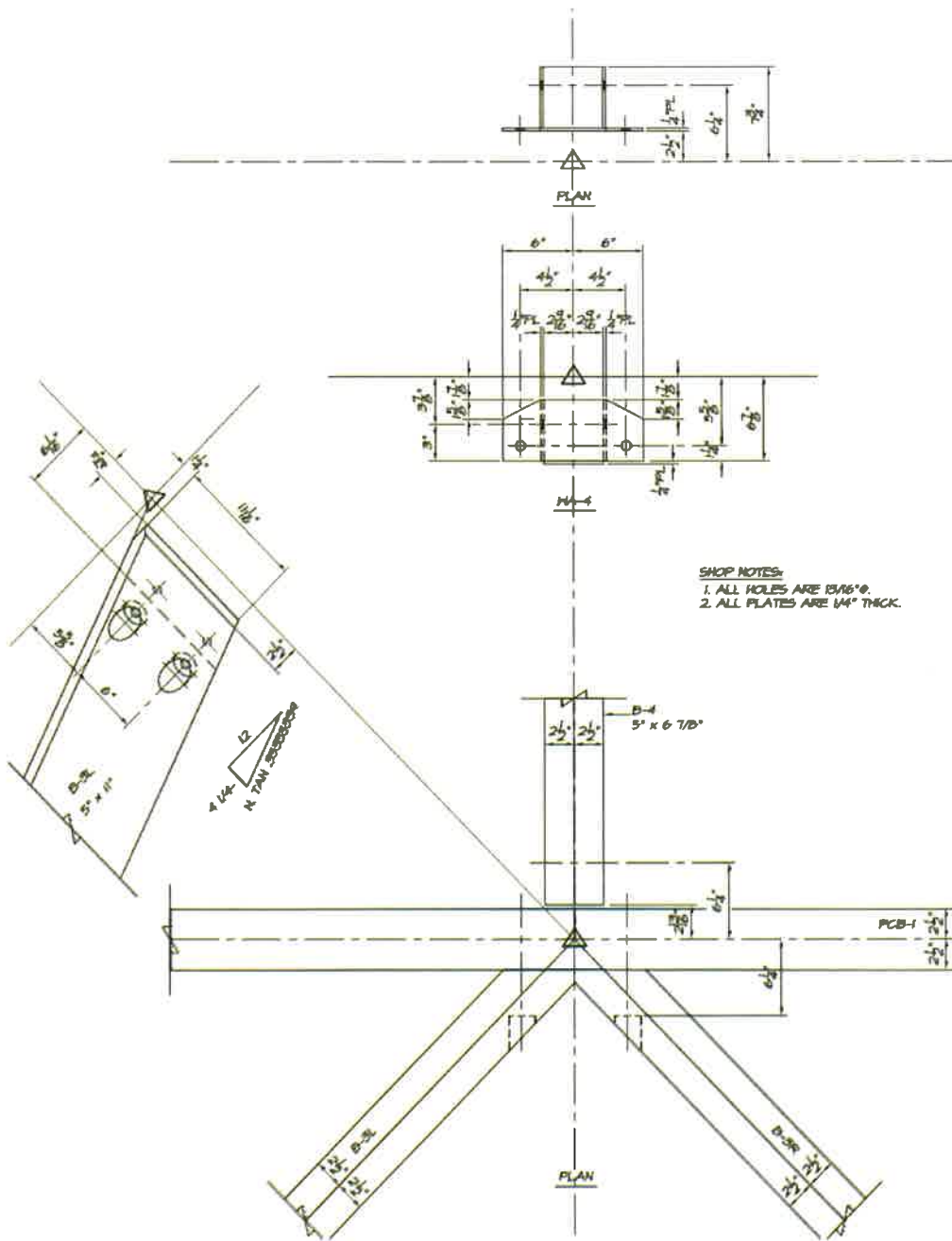
Basic allowable load for 3/4" diameter bolt at 90 degrees, single shear

Allowable for (4) bolts with 1.25 load duration factor

Status

3.8	kips
1.00	kips/bolt
5.0	kips
OK	

Conn S-5



SHOP NOTES:  
 1. ALL HOLES ARE 1/16" Ø.  
 2. ALL PLATES ARE 1/4" THICK.

B3 reaction

1.8	kips
1.0	kips

B4 reaction

The shoe for B4 with (2) bolts in back plate is ok by inspection.

Basic allowable load for 3/4" bolt in single shear at 90 degrees to grain

0.66
------

Reduction for end grain

0.6
-----

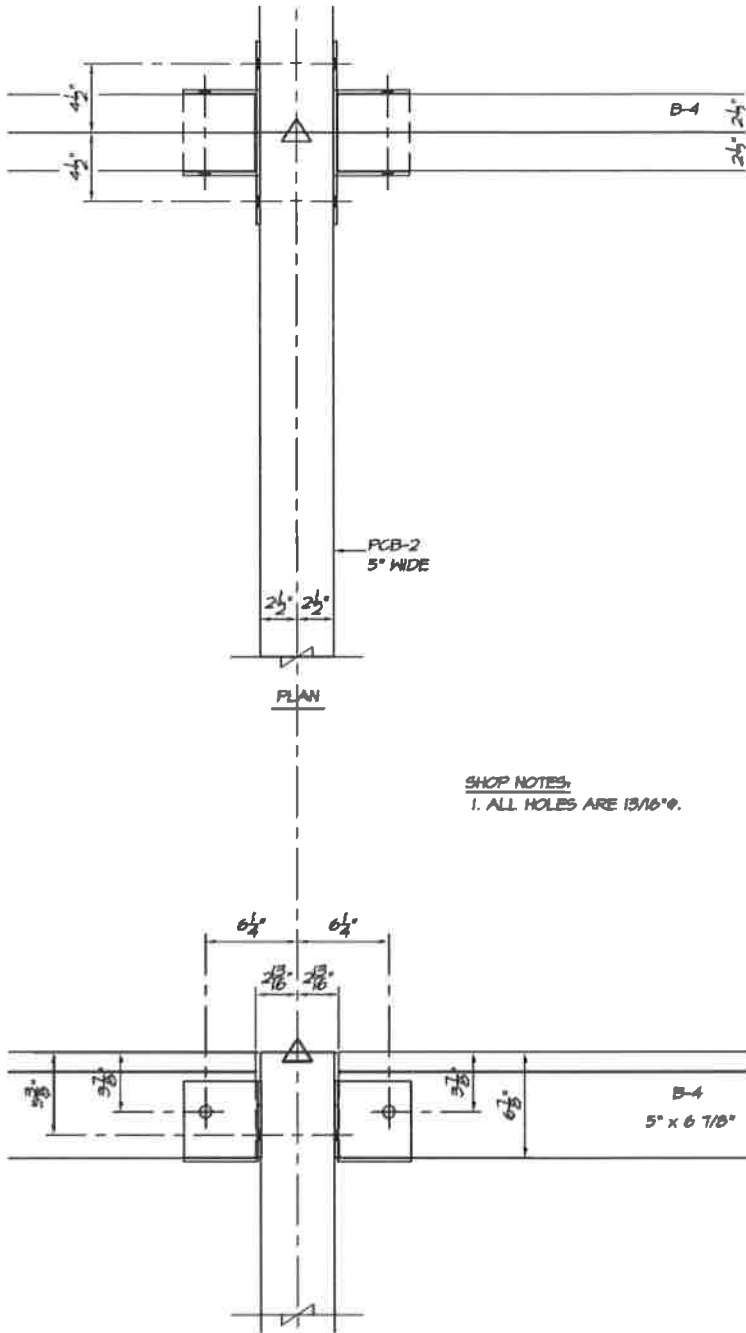
Allowable load for (4) bolts with 1.25 load duration factor

2.0
-----

Status

OK
----

Conn S6

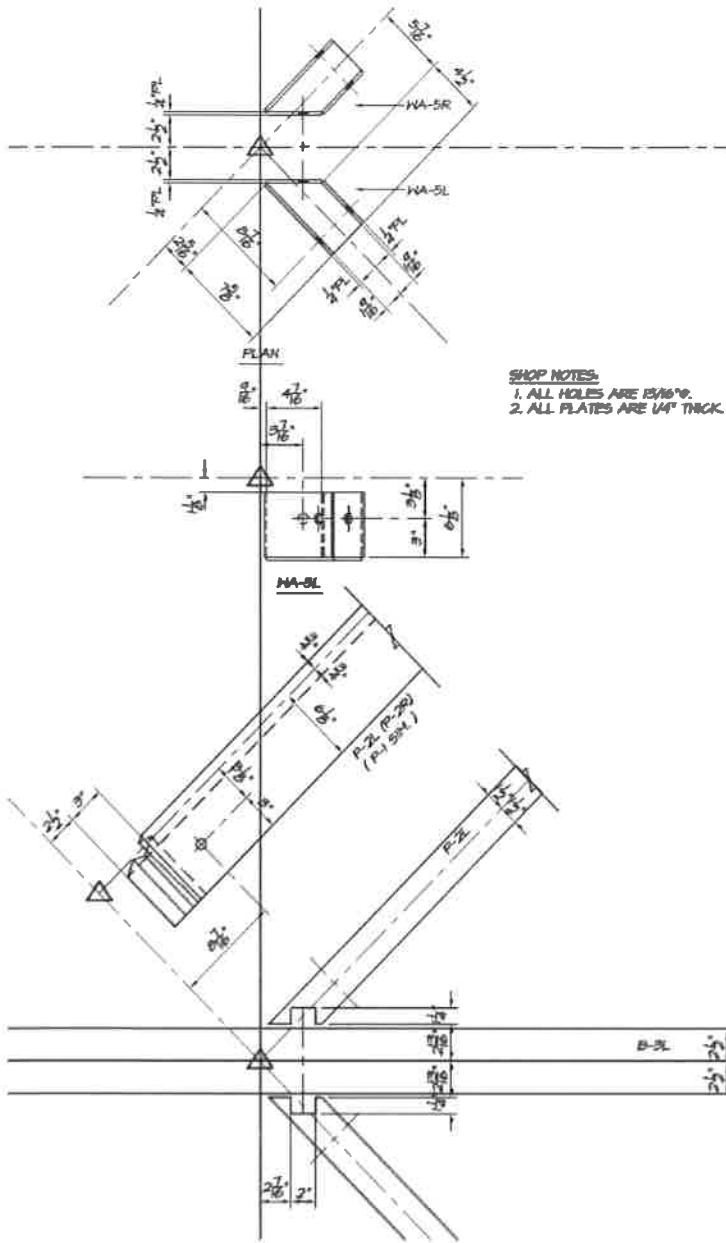


B4 reaction

OK by inspection per calculation above.

**1.0** kips

Conn S7

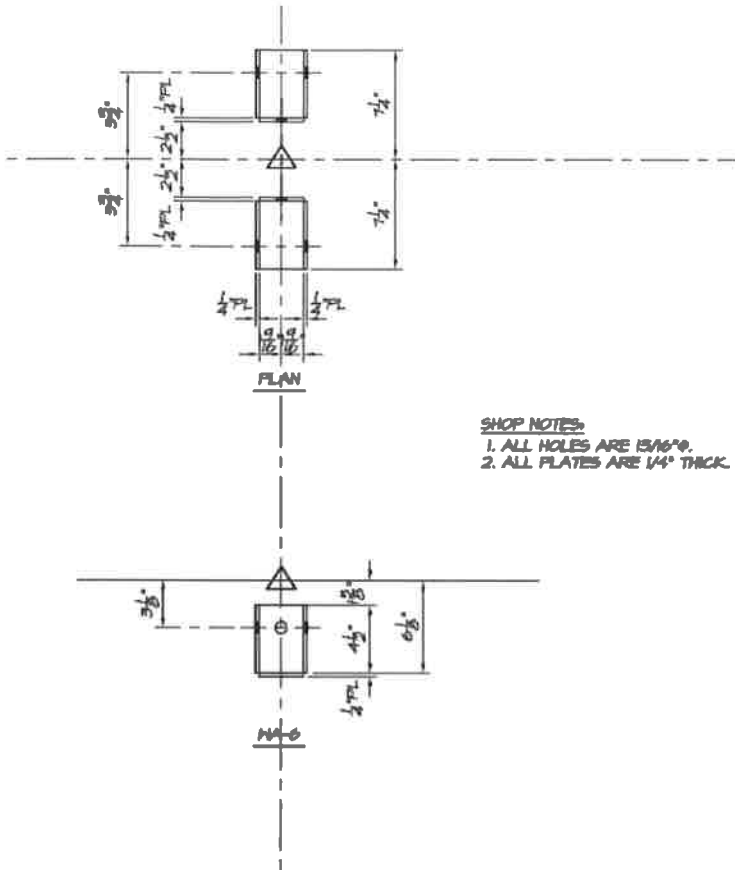


SHOP NOTES  
 1. ALL HOLES ARE 13/16"  
 2. ALL PLATES ARE 1/4" THICK

PI reaction  
OK by inspection

0.8 kips

Conn S8



**SHOP NOTES:**  
 1. ALL HOLES ARE 15/16"  
 2. ALL PLATES ARE 1/4" THICK

P3 reaction  
OK by inspection

1.0 kips



**DANIEL C. SMITH PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER**

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5/21/2019

DCSPE Job#

7196

Project Zip Code

98040

City, State

Merced Island

**Building Design**

Building Code

2018

Building Category

II

Occupancy Type

Assembly A-5

ASCE

ASCE 7-10

Overall Width

20.0 ft

Overall Length

40.0 ft

Post Spacing

10.0 ft

CTB Width

5.0 in

CTB Length

16.0 ft

CTB Span

16.0 ft

CTB Weight

346.0 lbs

Mean Roof Ht

15.0 ft

Roof Slope

6 :12

Footing Depth

4.6 ft

Footing Diameter

3.0 ft Ø

Soil Bearing

2000 psf



**Design Loads**

Roof Dead Load

12 psf

Roof Live Load

30 psf

**Wind Design Data**

Wind Speed

110 mph

Exposure

C

Imp wind

1.00

Tributary Area

80.0 ft<sup>2</sup>

Kh

0.85

Kd

0.85

Kzt

1

Internal Pressure Coefficient

0.00

Components & Cladding Wind Pressures

Z1

-12.1 psf

Z2

-38.0 psf

Z3

-58.2 psf

qh =

22.38

Wind Base Shears

Vxx

1.5 kips

Vyy

2.9 kips

<b>SNOW DESIGN DATA</b>		
Snow (Pg)		20.0 psf
Snow Exposure (Ce)		1.00
Imp Snow (Is)		1.00
Snow Thermal (Ct)		1.2
Flat Roof Snow Load (Pf) (.7 IS USED FOR FNEAR FLAT ROOFS ONLY)		<b>24.0 psf</b>
Roof Slope (Cs)		<b>1.00</b>
Sloped Roof Snow Load (Ps)		<b>24.0 psf</b>
<b>SEISMIC DESIGN DATA</b>		
Seismic Importance Factor (Ie)		1.00
Short Period Spectral Response Accel (Ss from maps)		<b>1.443</b>
1-Sec Period Spectral Response Accel (S1 from maps)		<b>0.488</b>
Seismic Site Class		D
Design Short Period Spectral Response Accel (Sds)		0.96
Design 1-sec Period Spectral Response Accel (Sd1)		0.49
Seismic Design Category		D
Basic Seismic Resisting System	CANTILEVERED COLUMN SYSTEM	
Basic Seismic Force Resisting System	TIMBER FRAMES	
Response Modification Factor (R )		1.5
Seismic Response Coefficient (Cs)		0.64
Seismic Base Shear (Allowable Stress Design)		0.00
<b>Connection Design Data</b>		
Plate Thickness		0.50 in
Screw diameter		0.25 in
# of Screws per Post		36
Max Allowable Force per Bolt		230
Shear of Tube Steel		36000 psi
Width of Post		5.0 in
Length of Post		5.5 in
Bearing Pressure of CTB		
<b>Roofing Board Data</b>		
Width of Roofing Board		5.5 in
Height of Roofing Board		1.5 in
Maximum Span of Board		10.0 ft
Modulus of Elasticity		1600000
Cd		1.15
Fb (allowable bending stress)		1350.0 psi







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05/22/19

**Project:** DCSPE #: 7196  
**Subject:** Shelter Calculations

Mercer Island, WA



**1. Scope**

Daniel C. Smith PE Consulting Engineers (DCSPE) was contacted by SWS , regarding load calculations.

**2. Design Codes**

2018 International Building Code

Occupancy Type:	Assembly A-5	Wind Speed:	110 mph
Construction Type:	II	Wind Importance:	1.00
Building Height:	15.0 ft	Exposure:	C
Soil Bearing Capacity:	2000 psf	Snow Load:	20 psf
Seismic Category:	C	ASCE 7-10	

**3. Design Loads**

**Dead Load**

CTB Load = 346 lbs each/ (10 x 8 ft) =	<b>4.3 psf</b>
Dlr = 12 + CTB 4.3 psf =	<b>16.3 psf</b>

Live Load roof (LLr) =	<b>30.0 psf</b>
------------------------	-----------------

**Wind Load**

V (Allowable) =					<b>110 mph</b>
Open Structure	= 1	= 1	= 0.85	= 0.85	<b>= 15 ft</b>

qh = 0.00256 * Kzt * Kd * Kh * 110^2 =	<b>22.4 psf</b>
	<b>20.0 psf</b>

EnWood uses WL (up) 20 psf.

<b>WL (down) 10 psf</b>	Conservative	<b>10.0 psf</b>
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Snow Load		
Pg =		20.0 psf
Exp C - fully Exposed	Imp = 1      Ct = 1.2	
Flat Roof Snow Load (Pf) = .7 * 20 * 1 * 1.2 * 1		24.0 psf
Cs = 1 (Roof Slope: 6:12)		
Sloped Roof Snow Load (Ps) = 1 x 24		24.0 psf
<b>4. Load Combinations</b>		
DL - 0.6WL = 16.3 - .6*22.38 =		4.3 psf down
.75 (DLr + Wldown) = .75 (16.3 + 110) =		19.7 psf
DLr + .75(.6WLdown+LLr) = DLr + .75(.6*10 + 30) =		43.3 psf
DLr + .75(.6WLdown+SL) = DLr + .75(.6*10 + 24) =		38.8 psf
DLr + LLr = 16.3 + 30 =		46.3 psf
DL + SL = 16.3 + 24 =		40.3 psf
Worst Case Scenarios		
Use downward pressure of		46.3 psf
Use wind uplift pressure of	(There is no uplift loads)	4.3 psf
<b>5. Calculations</b>		
<b>CTB Gravity Loads to Column (Shear)</b>		
46.3 psf x 10 ft x 16 ft/2 =		3704 lbs
Wood bears on 0.5" thick steel plate 5 x 5.5 x 650 =		17875 lbs
36 - 0.25" bolts - 3.16" thick steel	<= 1.0 = OKAY	0.207
Shear of metal tube steel psi x .4 x .187: x 36 faces x 36 bolts =		10771 lbs
	<= 1.0 = OKAY	0.344
<b>Check Screws (Uplift)</b>		
Uplift Pressure	Uplift check with 25 psf	25
Uplift Force Total		2000
Quantity of Screws		36
Force per Screw		55.56
Maximum Allowable Force per Screw		230
	<= 1.0 = OKAY	0.242



### Check Bolts (Uplift)

Uplift Pressure	Uplift check with 25 psf	25
Uplift Force Total		2000
Quantity of Bolts (5/5" diameter)		2
Force per Bolt		1000.00
Max Allowable Force per Bolt (NDS Parallel to Grain)		1900
	$\leq 1.0 = \text{OKAY}$	0.526

### Check footings

<u>Calculated load</u>		
Tributary area supported by each post is $10 \text{ ft} \times 16 \text{ ft} / 2 =$		80.0 ft <sup>2</sup>
Volume of Footing =		32.52 ft <sup>3</sup>
Weight of Footing =		4877 lbs
$46.3 \text{ psf} \times 80 \text{ ft}^2 = 3704 \text{ lbs} + \text{Weight of Footing} =$		8581 lbs

### Calculated soil resistance

2000 psf soil bearing $\times (3 \text{ ft } \varnothing)^2 \times \text{Pi} / 4 =$		14138 lbs
	$\leq 1.0 = \text{OKAY}$	0.607
Required Area of Footing = Calculated Load / Soil Bearing =		4.29
Provided Area of Footing = $(\text{Footing Diameter}^2 \times \text{Pi}) / 4$		7.07
	$\leq 1.0 = \text{OKAY}$	0.61

Wind Uplift is negligible.

### 7. Check Roof Deck Boards

2x6 Tongue and groove boards - SYP #1		
Modulus of Inertia (I) = $5.5 \times 1.5^3 / 12 =$		1.55 in <sup>4</sup>
Section Modulus (S) = $5.5 \times 1.5^2 / 6 =$		2.06 in <sup>3</sup>
Worst case load combination is =		46.3 psf
Uniform load per board (w) = $46.3 \times 5.5 \text{ in} / (12 \text{ in} / \text{ft})$		21.2 plf
Cd =		1.15
<b>Bending Stress</b> 10' Span		
Moment (M) = $w \times L^2 / 8 \text{ ft} \times 12 \text{ in} / \text{ft}$		3180.0 lbs-in
fb (bending stress) = $M / (S \times Cd)$		1340.7 psi
Fb (allowable bending stress) =		1350.0 psi
	$\leq 1.0 = \text{OKAY}$	0.993



# Daniel C Smith Consulting Engineers

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**Project Name:** Mercer Island Wa DCSPE 7196  
**Location:** Mercer Island Wa

## Curved Taper Beam Calculation

### Material Properties

Fb	2400	psi	F'b	2275.62	psi
Fv	200	psi	F'v	223	psi
Frt	66.67	psi	F'rt	67.08	psi
Cm	0.97		Cfbend	0.84	
Cd	1.15		Cftan	0.88	
Cf	1		Cr	0.85	
Ey	1800000		E'	1620000	psi



### Structural Dimensions

Length/Span (L)	16	ft	(l)	192	in
Trib Width/Spacing	10	ft		120	in
Top Pitch/Slope (P)	6	:12		26.57	degrees
A=	0.135		D=	2.76	
B=	0.060		E=	-2.7554426	
C=	0.120		F=	3.19	

### Estimated Beam Size

width/b	5	in	vert end depth/de	7	in
Radius (R)	16	ft	vert CL depth/dc	30	in
	192	in			

### Structural Loads

DL=	20	psf	w=	500	plf
SL=	15	psf			
LL=	30	psf			

### Stress Factors

Radial Stress Factor	Kr	0.1462944	$A+B(dc/Rm*12)+C(dc/Rm*12)^2$
Bending Stress Factor	Ktheta	2.43	$D+E(dc/Rm*12)+F(dc/Rm*12)^2$
Radial Stress Red Factor	Cr	0.9371981	

### Design of CTB

#### 1. Determine minimum end depth

SHEAR AT END OF BEAM	Rv=	4000	lbs	wL/2	OK
UNADJUSTED END DEPTH?	d=	5.4	in	$3Rv/2bF'v$	
EFFECTIVE LENGTH FOR SHEAR	Le=	15.1	ft	L-2d	
SHEAR BASED ON EFFECTIVE LENGTH	V=	3776	lbs	$wLe/2$	
MINIMUM END DEPTH	de=	5.1	in	$3V/2bF'v$	

**2. Determine approximate trial centerline depth dcb from the bending stress limitation**

M=	192000	in-lb	$wL^2/8$
F'b=	2275.62	psi	$F_b \cdot C_f$
dcb=	16.7	in	$\sqrt{6MD/bF'b}$

**3. Determine trial minimum centerline depth dcdelta from the deflection limitation**

deltamax	1.07	in	$l/180$
deff=	4.56	in	$((Wl^3)/(6.4 \cdot E' \cdot b \cdot \text{deltamax} \cdot \cos T^3))^{1/3}$
dcdelta=	4.0	in	$2\text{deff} - d_e$

**4. Determine trial minimum centerline depth dcrt from radial stress limitation.**

dcrt=	22.4	in	$\sqrt{6MKr/bF'rt}$
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To reduce depth design for radial reinforcement, using maximum radial tension stress  $F_v/3$

dcrt=	21.0	in	$\sqrt{6MKr/(b(F_v/3) \cdot 1.15)}$
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**5. Determine height of apex ha, trial bottom slope thetaB, and soffit radius R**

HEIGHT OF APEX POINT	ha=	4.58	ft
LARGEST DEPTH	dc=	30.0	in
HEIGHT OF SOFFIT MIDSPAN	hs=	2.08	ft
MAXIMUM BOTTOM SLOPE	max bot sl	29.19	°
MAX EFFECTIVE BOTTOM SLOPE	thetaB ma	26.6	°
MINIMUM BOTTOM SLOPE	thetaB mir	25.3	°
TRIAL BOTTOM SLOPE	trial bot sl	25.3	°
EFFECTIVE SOFFIT RADIUS	R=	17.25	ft

**6. Find the following values based on the values of thetaB and R determined in step 5**

a) length of tapered leg

lt=	14.04	in	$l/2 - R \sin B$	Lt	1.1	ft
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b) Ratio of Span Length to distance between tangent points

lc=	163.9	in	$l - 2lt$	Lc	13.66	ft
l/lc=	1.17					

c) Depth of beam at tangent points

dt=	7.4	in	$d_e + lt(\tan T - \tan B)$
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d)

Rm=	17.3	in	$R + DC/24$
dc/Rm=	1.74		

e)

ftheta=	256	psi	$6M/bdc^2$
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**7. Check maximum deflection**

deb=	12.1		$(d_e + dc)(0.5 + 0.735 \cdot \tan T) - (1.41 d_c \tan B)$
deltaC=	0.55	in	$5Wl^3/32E'bdeb^3$
<b>1.06 &gt; 0.55 = OK</b>			

<b>8. Check stresses</b>			
<b>a) Bending stress at centerline</b>			
fb=	622	psi	$k\theta * f\theta$
F'b=	1911.52		FbCdCf
	622 < 1911.52 = OK		
<b>b) Bending stress at tangent point</b>			
Mt=	49170		$wl(lt)/2 - wlt^2/2$
fbt=	1080		$6Mt/bdt^2$
F'b=	2002.55		F'b * Cd
	1080 < 2002.54 = OK		
<b>c) Radial stress at centerline</b>			
frt=	31.8	psi	KrCrfo
F'rt=	67.08	psi	
	31.83 < 67.08 = OK		



**DANIEL C. SMITH PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER**

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5/20/2019

**DCSPE# 7196**

**LOCATION** Mercer Island,WA

98040

BLDG CODE

2018

BLDG CATEGORY

II

Shelter Length

40.0 ft

Shelter Width

20.0 ft

Shelter Mean Roof Height

15.0 ft

ASCE 7-10

Roof Dead Load

12.0 psf

Roof Live Load

30.0 psf

**SNOW DESIGN DATA**

Ground Snow Load (Pg)

20.0 psf

Snow Exposure Factor (Ce)

1.0

Snow Importance Factor (Is)

1.00

Snow Thermal Factor (Ct)

1.2

Flat Roof Snow Load (Pf)

24.0 psf

Roof Slope (Cs)

1.0

Sloped Roof Snow Load (Ps)

24.0 psf

shingles

**WIND DESIGN DATA**

Basic Wind Speed (3-sec gust)

110 mph

Wind Importance Factor (Iw)

1.00

Wind Exposure Category

C

Internal Pressure Coefficient

0.0

Components & Cladding Wind Pressures

Z1

-12.1 psf

Z2

-22.8 psf

Z3

-34.9 psf

qh =

22.38

Wind Base Shears

Vxx

2.9 kips

Vyy

1.5 kips



**SEISMIC DESIGN DATA**

Seismic Importance Factor (Ie)	1.00	
Short Period Spectral Response Accel (Ss from maps)	1.443	
1-Sec Period Spectral Response Accel (S1 from maps)	0.488	
Seismic Site Class	D	
Design Short Period Spectral Response Accel (Sds)	0.96	0.66667
Design 1-sec Period Spectral Response Accel (Sd1)	0.49	
Seismic Design Category	D	
Basic Seismic Resisting System	CANTILEVERED COLUMN SYSTEM	
Basic Seismic Force Resisting System	TIMBER FRAMES	
Response Modification Factor (R )	1.5	
Seismic Response Coefficient (Cs)	0.64	
Seismic Base Shear (Allowable Stress Design)	7.20	kips

